

Overview of Georgia Prisoner Reentry Initiative (GA-PRI) and
Transition Accountability Planning (TAP)



### **Presenters:**

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The mission on our office is to:

- ensure successful reentry
- reduce recidivism
- enhance public safety through collaboration among stakeholders
- assist in ensuring appropriate and responsible use of cost savings realized by justice reforms through reinvestment in evidence-based, community centered services



The Executive Order further directed that we:

Collaborate with council on Criminal Justice Reform, State
Departments and Agencies, and non-governmental stakeholders
to develop and execute a robust and systematic reentry plan for
Georgia offenders and to ensure the delivery of appropriate
services to offenders reentering society.

# Georgia Prisoner Reentry Initiative (GA-PRI)



# Creating safer neighborhoods and better citizens

# Georgia Prisoner Reentry Initiative (GA-PRI)



Offers an Alternative Vision

- Barriers to housing and employment
- Lack of mental health & social services
- No strong network of positive support
- Criminological thinking



### Why Do Returning Citizens Fail?

The **VISION** of the GA-PRI is every returning citizen released from prison will have the tools and support needed to succeed in the community.



## **GA-PRI Vision**

The **MISSION** of the GA-PRI is to improve public safety by reducing crime through implementation of a seamless plan of services and supervision developed with each returning citizen - delivered through state and local collaboration- from the time of their entry into prison through their successful transition, reintegration, and aftercare in the community.

## **GA-PRI Mission**



GOTSR
Statewide Framework
Collaborative
Existing Knowledge

# A Statewide Plan One Strategy - One Plan

### 2003 Reentry Policy Council Report



- Developed by National Reentry Policy Council
- 36 Policy Statements
- Recommendations to guide planning and development
- www.reentrypolicy.org

## **One Strategy - One Plan**

# Transition from Prison to Community(TPC) Model

- Three phases and seven decision point model
- The model helps guide the improvement and expansion of existing policies

## **One Strategy - One Plan**



#### Targets for Change & Evidence Based Principles that Guide Reentry Reforms

#### PHASE 1: GETTING READY

#### 1. ASSESSMENT AND CLASSIFICATION

1.1: Development of Intake Procedures

#### RETURNING CITIZEN BEHAVIOR AND PROGRAMMING

- 2.1: Development of Programming Plan
- 2.2: Physical Health Care
- 2.3: Mental Health Care
- 2.4: Substance Abuse Treatment
- 2.5: Children & Family Support
- 2.6: Behaviors & Attitudes
- 2.7: Education
- 2.8: Technical Training
- 2.9: Work Experience

#### PHASE 2: GOING HOME

#### 3. RETURNING CITIZEN RELEASE PREPARATION

- 3.1: Development of Parole & Reentry Plan (TAP2)
- 3.2: Housing
- 3.3: Continuity of Care Planning
- 3.4: Working with Potential Employers
- 3.5: Employment Upon Release
- 3.6: Identification and Benefits
- 3.7: Release Preparation for Families
- 3.8: Release Preparation for Victims

#### 4. RELEASE DECISION MAKING

- 4.1: Advising the Releasing Authority
- 4.2: Release Decision

#### PHASE 3: STAYING HOME

#### 5. SUPERVISION AND SERVICES

- 5.1: Design of Supervision & Treatment Strategy (TAP3)
- 5.2: Implementation of Supervision & Treatment Strategy
- 5.3: Maintaining Continuity of Care and Housing
- 5.4: Job Development and Supportive Employment

#### 6. REVOCATION DECISION MAKING

6.1: Graduated Responses

#### DISCHARGE AND AFTERCARE

7.1: Development of Discharge and Aftercare Plan (TAP4)

#### The Evidence Based Principles of Effective Intervention

#### <u>THE RISK PRINCIPLE</u>: Focus supervision and treatment on the *people* most likely to commit crimes.

 Use objective, normed & validated assessment of the returning citizens risk to reoffend

#### THE NEED PRINCIPAL: Focus resources on the factors that change a person's likelihood to commit crime.

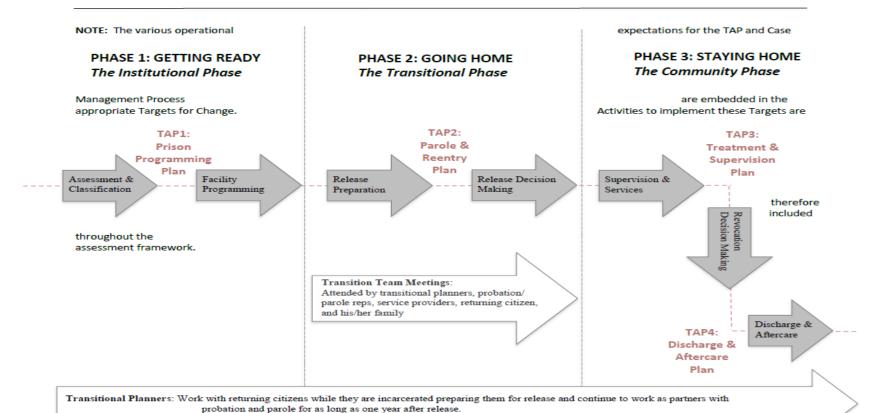
- > Use targeted interventions that are proven to be effective
- Encourage & support the reduction of attitudes, values, and be lief systems that support criminal behavior

### <u>THE RESPONSIVITY PRINCIPLE</u>: Pay attention to *how returning citizens learn* & maximize their ability to acquire new attitudes.

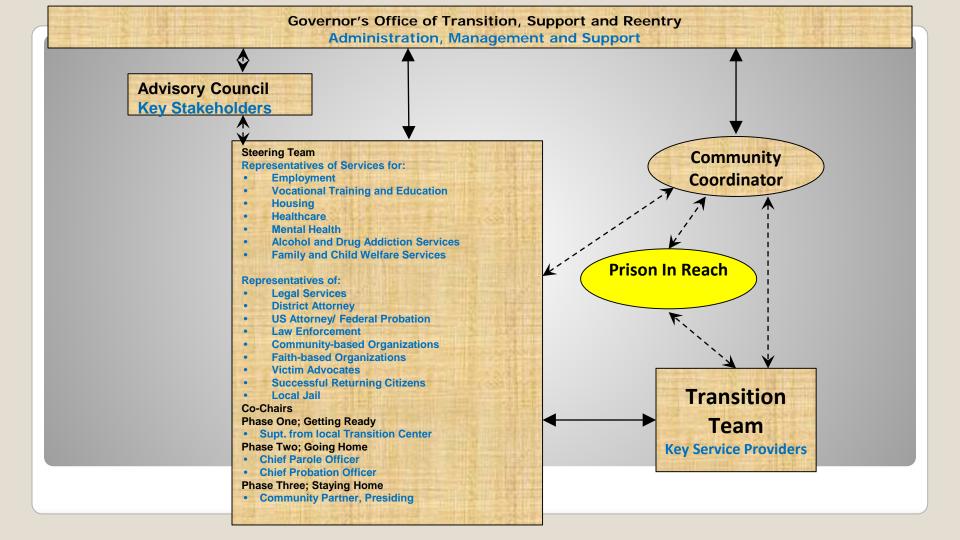
Identify, foster, support and reinforce a motivation to change.

#### Priorities shown in red font

#### Transition Accountability Planning (TAP) Flowchart



Overarching Paradigm #2: Evidence Based Practices



## **One Strategy - One Plan**



- Statewide Recidivism Reduction (SRR)
- JRI III Maximizing State Gains
- Smart Supervision
- Justice Information Sharing (JIS)

### **Statewide Recidivism Reduction**

### \$3 Million

- 5 Community Coordinators
- RPH Position for Returning Citizens on Probation
- EBP Learning Site Prison
  - Four certified counselor positions
  - Enhanced Supervision Training for staff
- Graduated Sanctions/Incentives development for DCS
- Quality Assurance Protocol Developer
- Comprehensive Evaluation

### **Maximizing State Gains - JRI III**

### \$1.75 Million

- 7 Prison In-Reach Specialists
- Training for Community Coordinators/Steering Teams
- Grant Implementation Specialist
- Comprehensive Evaluation



### **Smart Supervision**

### \$750,000

- Train 710 Supervision Staff, supervisors, community partners in enhanced supervision
- Train 20 officers to become trainers
- Hire 2 full time Master Trainers
- Provide body cameras to be used for training
- Comprehensive Evaluation

## **Justice Information Sharing (JIS)**

### \$500,000

- Pilot project in Albany
- Data sharing between agencies and community providers
- Develop platform for implementing statewide
- Provide body cameras to be used for training
- Comprehensive Evaluation





## Questions?

- For your time today
- For your support
- For your questions



## **Thank You!**