

HODAC FY05 Helpline Statistical Analysis For REGION 6: SOUTHWEST



September 21, 2005

by



ANOVA Business Analysts

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Executive Summary	4
Company Profile and History	5
Methodology Overview	6
Caller History	7
Region 6 – Caller History by County	7
Demographics	
Gender – Regional Level	8
Ethnicity	9
Regional Level Ethnicity – Gender Specific	9
Region 6	
Regional Level Employment Status – Gender-Specific	. 11
Region 6	. 11
Regions	. 12
MHDDAD Regional Breakdown	. 12
Needs	. 13
Needs Discussion	
Multiple Needs Error! Bookmark not defir	ied.
Top 8	
Regional Needs Breakdown	. 14
Region 6	
Substance Abuse Needs – By Region	. 15
Region 6	. 15
Specific Focus Areas	. 16
Alcohol	. 17
Overview	. 17
Demographic Breakdown – Alcohol-Related Calls	. 18
Region 6	. 18
Alcohol Service Utilization – County Breakdown	. 20
Region 6	. 20
Crack	. 21
Overview	. 21
Demographics Breakdown – Crack Related Calls	. 22
Region 6	
Crack-Related Service Utilization – County Breakdown	. 24
Region 6	
Methamphetamines	. 25
Overview	
Demographic Breakdown – Methamphetamines-Related Calls	. 26
Region 6	. 26
Methamphetamines Service Utilization - County Breakdown	. 28
Region 6	. 28
Categorical Supposition	. 29
Regional Gender Need Breakdown	. 29
Region 6	. 29



HODAC Helpline Report 2005 – Region 6: SOUTHWEST

ANOVA Business Analysts, LLC.	31
Summary	31



Executive Summary

An analysis was completed upon data collected for Helpline Georgia for the reporting period of July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005. 13,555 calls were analyzed based upon a series of demographic and behavioral categories.

Of those individuals utilizing Helpline Georgia's services, 57.49% were male, compared to a 42.51% utilization rate for females. The call rates for males and females have remained virtually unchanged during the two year reporting period. Only Region 4 realized a higher rate of female utilization with females calling into the Helpline 51.95% of the time as opposed to Region 4 Males utilizing the service 48.05%.

Categorical Supposition was created in an effort to link demographic information gathered with the corresponding needs of individual callers. Six Main Categories were created for standardization purposes representing 96.55% of 13,555 logged calls. The remaining 3.30% of calls were logged within the Category of 'Multiple Needs'. This category was then broken down to capture the remaining calls for analyzing.

A staggering 75.37% of all calls received at Helpline Georgia were Substance Abuse based. Of these calls, 25.51% were individuals inquiring about Crack, 20.87% were individuals concerned with Alcohol based concerns, and 12.17% of calls were concerning Methamphetamines.

Regionally, Alcohol-based calls were received at the Helpline rate of 35.28% in Region 2, with the smallest number of Alcohol-based calls being received from Region 4 at 6.89%. The highest rate of Crack-based calls was received from Region 2 at 37.42%, with Region 6 yielding the lowest percentage of calls at 7.14%. Methamphetamines callers were most often calling from Region 1, netting 36.30% of all Methamphetamines related calls. Region 6 yielded the lowest rate of Methamphetamines related calls at 2.42%

When broken further into county service utilization for each Substance Abuse focused upon, the results further verify Regional outcomes. Fulton County represented 20.40% of all Alcohol-related calls, with Cobb and Gwinnett rounding out the top three County utilizations at 7.42% and 5.73%. Cobb County is represented by Region 1 while the other two top producing counties are found within Region 2. Crack-related calls yielded slightly different results. First placed Fulton County scored 22.64% of all Crack calls, while Dekalb County represented the second highest utilization of services for crack related issues this year, netting 5.38%. Chatham County, in Region 7 fell to third place for this year at 5.23%. Cobb County at 7.88% fell to second place this year, trading places with Fulton County which logged 9.70% of calls concerning Methamphetamines. This year, Houston county, in Region 4 became the third highest user of the Helpline for Methamphetamines at 5.52%. Gwinnett County fell to fourth place, logging 5.45% of calls regarding Methamphetamines.

Analysis is broken down into top level, or State level results, secondary level, or Regional level results, and tertiary level, or specific focuses based upon regional breakdowns.

A complete and thorough analysis of findings is provided.

Company Profile and History

HODAC, Inc. began as The Houston Drug Action Council in 1970, shortly following the Atlanta International Rock Festival, also known as the Byron Rock Festival, which was held in neighboring Peach County. The Rock Festival brought to light the need for a drug intervention program in the county. Some concerned citizens started to look at the problem of rising drug use and teen pregnancies in Houston County. By 1973, The Houston Drug Action Council was incorporated and the staff size had tripled.

HODAC's priority has always been helping children who are having problems in their homes who are abused, delinquent, dealing with pregnancy or drug use. Since that time, HODAC's programs have increased as needs were identified in the community. Programs such as: Gateway Cottage, a transitional shelter for women with children who are coming out of drug and alcohol treatment facilities; Student and Family Prevention Services, working with high risk kids in dealing with an array of problems such as conflict resolution and anger management; Helpline Georgia, a statewide toll-free hotline providing information and referrals for crime victims, gambling addiction, drug and alcohol abuse and domestic violence; Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program and Teen Headquarters, designed to assist teens with prevention of pregnancy, risks involved in having children, and alternative activities to reduce the number of juvenile crimes and pregnancies; and HODAC's Victim Resource Center, offering comprehensive services to crime victims and violence prevention education to the community.

The Houston Drug Action Council, Inc. officially changed its name in 1999 to HODAC, Inc.



Methodology Overview

Helpline Georgia contractors, HODAC, Inc. completed statistical analysis of data collected for each client utilizing the Helpline service. Raw data, including demographic information and the nature of the call, was collected from Georgia Helpline client calls for the period of July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005. Data was divided between single 'need' and multiple 'need' call categories utilizing a hierarchical method of six 'Main' categories, with sub-categorical entries broken down further to delineate actual caller inquiries. Entries missing key fields of data, or information that was incorrectly entered, were deleted to avoid Type I statistical errors.

15,587 callers initially utilized Helpline Georgia during FY 2005. This represents a slight increase of 0.84% over FY 2004's initial utilization. 2032 entries were deleted due to missing or incorrect data collection. This represents a 23.45% increase in 'dirty' or missing data that was required to be deleted. 13,555 calls were kept for analysis. This represents 86.96% of all logged calls for FY 2005. Although this represents a 2.67% increase in the percentage of call entries that were removed due to data error or missing data 86.96% is still a commendable percentage of useable data. It is important for HODAC to analyze the cause of the increased occurrence of irreparable or missing data entry in an effort to curb and reverse this downward trend. Of the 13,555 individual calls analyzed for the period July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005, there is a slight 1.85% decrease in kept calls over the reporting period of July 1, 2003-June 30, 2004. This decrease can be attributed to the number of call entries for FY 2005 are slightly greater at 15,587 calls over the 15,457 calls logged in FY 2004.

Of 13,555 calls, 222 individual needs were reported that were categorized into six Main Categories. These categories included: Substance Abuse; General Information/Inquires; Criminal/Legal Reporting; Mental Health; Abuse/Neglect; Medical/Health Inquiries. This was completed in an effort to more effectively capture caller data and report upon analytical findings. Analysis was performed at a primary, secondary and tertiary level. Gender, Employment Status, Age, Caller's Needs, Ethnicity, Chronological History, as well as Population Levels and Service Utilization was analyzed at the State level. The above was also broken down into the seven Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Addictive Diseases regions for the State of Georgia and compared further between Gender groups within each region.

Due to the preponderance of Substance Abuse inquiries throughout the reporting period, this Need was highlighted in the analysis. The top eight Substance Abuse inquiries were recorded and graphed for each region. Further, special focus was placed upon Crack, Methamphetamines and Alcohol calls received during the reporting period. A complete analysis follows. Needs were also assessed at the Regional level based upon Gender and Ethnicity.



Caller History

Region 6 – Caller History by County

County	Percentage	# of Calls
Baker	0.43%	4
Ben Hill	2.28%	21
Berrien	2.28%	21
Brooks	1.52%	14
Calhoun	0.54%	5
Colquitt	5.22%	48
Cook	2.28%	21
Decatur	3.37%	31
Dougherty	26.63%	245
Early	1.41%	13
Grady	3.04%	28
Irwin	0.87%	8
Lanier	1.52%	14
Lee	1.30%	12
Lowndes	24.57%	226
Miller	0.87%	8
Mitchell	2.28%	21
Seminole	0.65%	6
Terrell	0.76%	7
Thomas	8.04%	74
Tift	6.74%	62
Turner	0.98%	9
Worth	2.39%	22
	100.00%	920

ANOVA Business Analysts

Demographics

HODAC gathered a series of demographic information on each of its 13811 clients calling to utilize the Helpline service during the reporting period in an effort to track and measure Helpline effectiveness and proper delivery of services. Gender, Age, Ethnicity, Employment Status, Location, Need for calling, Date and Time called is some of the demographics tracked for every call.

A thorough investigation and analysis follows for demographics at the State, Regional, and tertiary level (i.e. Gender versus Need; Region versus Gender Need).

Gender – Regional Level

Region 6			
Female	380	41.30%	
Male	540	58.70%	
	920	100.00%	





Region 6				
Region 6				
Calls	By Ethnicity	/ and Ge	nder	
	%	Males	%	Females
African American	42.04%	227	41.05%	156
American Indian	0.19%	1	0.53%	2
Asian/Pac.Island	1.11%	6	1.58%	6
Caucasian	56.30%	304	56.05%	213
Hispanic	0.37%	2	0.79%	3
Multi-Ethnic	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
	100.00%	540	100.00%	380

Ethnicity <u>Regional Level Ethnicity – Gender Specific</u>









Regional Level Employment Status Region 6

Region 6		
Calls by Employm	ent Status	S
	# Calls	% of Calls
Disabled	20	2.17%
Employed full-time	237	25.76%
Employed part-time	23	2.50%
Homemaker	15	1.63%
Illness	3	0.33%
Maternity	1	0.11%
Retired	18	1.96%
Student (not employed)	22	2.39%
Temporary work	5	0.54%
Unemployed	573	62.28%
Veteran	3	0.33%
Total	920	100.00%





Regions

HODAC follows the MHDDAD (Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Addictive Diseases) Regional chart to report and analyze client's calling behavior. It was discovered for the reporting period of July 1, 2004-June30, 2005 that Region 2, or Metro Atlanta reported the highest percentage of callers overall (33.09%) with the neighboring Region 1, or North Region (18.86%) and Region 3, or West Central Region (12.71%) trailing behind. Region 2 carries the highest population within the State of Georgia, although is smallest in land area. Region 1 and Region 3 encompass large areas of landmass, but also include county populations encompassing the Greater Metro Atlanta cosmopolitan area. This trend has continued from last year, with no change in the three highest regional calling behaviors. A clearer picture of a typical Helpline caller will be revealed through the following analysis of State and Regional breakdowns of Helpline data gathered.







Needs

Needs Discussion

Caller Needs are represented in the HODAC Iris data collection system with 222 separate and individual needs. Needs were broken down into 7 separate main categories including a separate category to specifically deal with multiple need calls. 96.55% of all calls received at the Helpline can be categorized within one of the following six Main Categorical headings.

Remaining caller needs fit into the 'Multiple Need' call category. The following represents a near complete listing of the types of Multiple Need calls that were received at the Helpline during the reporting period.

99.85% of all Helpline caller needs are accounted for through this method of categorization in the following manner:

Multiple Needs

Data received in raw form yielded 27,068 individual pieces of data regarding needs. These pieces of data include several need entries per call for many callers. During the data cleaning and repair phase of the project, the following information regarding need inquiry behavior was gleaned. The following shows, for example that one person called into the Helpline service requiring information about nine different issues.

1 Need	13555
2 Needs	10127
3 Needs	2665
4 Needs	557
5 Needs	117
6 Needs	30
7 Needs	10
8 Needs	7
	27068
# of Calls # of Needs	13,555 27,068
Avg # of Needs per Caller	2.00

Caller Need Breakdown





Тор 7

Of the 222 individual needs inquired about, the top 7 needs reported were as follows:

Regional Needs Breakdown

Region 6

MAIN NEED CATEGORY - Single	Count	% Calls
Substance Abuse / Addiction	655	71.20%
Mental Health	34	3.70%
Criminal/Legal Reporting	56	6.09%
Abuse / Neglect	19	2.07%
General Information / Inquiries	106	11.52%
Medical / Health Inquiries	9	0.98%
Multiple Needs	41	4.46%
	920	100.00%







Substance Abuse Needs – By Region Region 6

	Region 6 Top 10 Substance Abuse Caller Needs			
72.	72% of Region 6's call habits were S	ubstar	nce Abuse	
	Related			
1	Crack	183	27.35%	
2	Alcohol	162	24.22%	
3	Cocaine	137	20.48%	
4	12 Step Programs	63	9.42%	
5	Methamphetamines	25	3.74%	
6	Prescription Drugs	24	3.59%	
7	Alcohol Abuse/Addiction	22	3.29%	
8	Marijuana	13	1.94%	
9	Drug Abuse/Addiction	10	1.49%	
10	Drug Selling	7	1.05%	
		646	96.56%	





Specific Focus Areas

A focused observation was undertaken in the call need areas of Methamphetamines, Alcohol and Crack due to the preponderance of abuse and use with these drugs in the state of Georgia.

Methamphetamines, Alcohol and Crack inquiries represented a significant 58.55% of all calls logged at the Helpline during the reporting period of July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005. This is a significant 5.85% increase in the proportion of calls received for these three needs over last year's reporting period.

It is interesting to note the differences between caller demographics, county and regional behaviors, and needs. Regionally, Alcohol related inquiries were more evenly spread amongst the State as compared to Crack and Methamphetamines inquiries. Both Alcohol and Crack inquiries were most common in Region 2, or Metro Atlanta, whereas Methamphetamines inquiries were most commonly found in Region 1, or the North Region of Georgia.

This year, caller inquiries for help regarding Methamphetamines were greater than either crack or alcohol. This represents a shift from crack inquiries which represented 22.98% of all calls during last year's reporting period and now represent only 12.17% of all caller's inquiries. This is significant to note because this mirrors both drug's gaining and waning popularity amongst Georgia's population. Methamphetamines are becoming far more accessible since they are easy to produce domestically and are also easy to distribute.

Males called the Helpline overwhelmingly more than Females for each of the three focus areas again this year. Males called the Helpline twice as often as Females to inquire about Alcohol and Crack. The gap between Males and Females for Methamphetamines inquiries was smaller, yet still significant at 17%.

Ethnicity played an important part in caller behavior as well. For both Alcohol and Methamphetamines inquiries, Caucasians represented a major portion of calls, while African Americans had inquiries about Crack issues more often. These calling behaviors have not changed for either FY 2004 and FY 2005.

Analysis of Methamphetamines, Alcohol, and Crack inquiries follows:





Alcohol

Overview

Data collected during the Georgia State Helpline's reporting period of July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005 yielded the following results:

- 20.87% of 13,555 calls logged during the reporting period were Alcohol related inquiries. This trend is maintained as last year's Alcohol inquiries represented 20.09%.
- Region 2 yielded the highest volume of calls regarding Alcohol inquiries at 35.28% of Alcohol-related calls. This is in comparison to FY 2004 where 36.78% of all calls relating to Alcohol came from Region 2.
- Fulton County yielded the highest percentage of calls regarding Alcohol again this year 20.40% of all calls. This represents a 1.5% decrease in Alcohol related call received over the FY 2004 reporting period.
- Cobb County (Region 1), and Gwinnett County (Region2), produced the second and third highest volume of Alcohol related calls again this year at 7.42% and 5.73% respectively.
- Males called into the Helpline with Alcohol related needs more than twice the percentage of Female callers.
- Caucasians logged nearly 700 calls or 25.00% more calls relating to Alcohol than second most frequent ethnic group, African Americans.
- Over 65% of Alcohol related callers were Unemployed. This is nearly three times the amount of the second most frequent employment status – Fulltime Employed.



Demographic Breakdown – Alcohol-Related Calls Region 6

Gender	Percentage	# of calls
Male	71.56%	151
Female	28.44%	60
	100.00%	211

Ethnicity	Percentage	# of calls
African American	39.34%	83
American Indian	0.00%	0
Asian/Pac.Island	0.00%	0
Caucasian	59.72%	126
Hispanic	0.95%	2
Multi-Ethnic	0.00%	0
	100.00%	211

Employment	Percentage	# of calls
Disabled	0.95%	2
Employed full-time	22.27%	47
Employed part-time	4.27%	9
Homemaker	0.47%	1
Illness	0.00%	0
Maternity	0.47%	1
Retired	1.42%	3
Student (not		
employed)	0.00%	0
Temporary work	0.95%	2
Unemployed	68.72%	145
Veteran	0.47%	1
	100.00%	211

Age Range	Percentage	# of calls
17	0.95%	2
18	0.95%	2
19	2.37%	5
20	0.47%	1
21	2.37%	5
22	6.16%	13
23	0.95%	2
24	4.74%	10
25	4.27%	9
26	2.37%	5
27	3.32%	7
28	1.42%	3



29	2.37%	5
30	4.74%	10
31	2.84%	6
32	2.84%	6
33	4.74%	10
34	2.37%	5
35	3.79%	8
36	3.32%	7
37	1.42%	3
38	3.79%	8
39	2.37%	5
40	6.16%	13
41	1.42%	3
42	1.90%	4
43	2.84%	6
44	2.84%	6
45	3.79%	8
46	2.84%	6
47	2.84%	6
48	1.42%	3
49	0.95%	2
50	1.90%	4
51	0.95%	2
52	0.47%	1
55	0.47%	1
57	1.42%	3
59	0.47%	1
61	0.47%	1
62	0.47%	1
64	0.47%	1
70	0.47%	1
79	0.47%	1
	100.00%	211





Alcohol Service Utilization – County Breakdown Region 6

Counties	Percentage	# of calls
Ben Hill	1.42%	3
Berrien	3.32%	7
Brooks	2.37%	5
Calhoun	0.47%	1
Colquitt	2.37%	5
Cook	0.95%	2
Decatur	0.95%	2
Dougherty	31.28%	66
Early	0.95%	2
Grady	2.84%	6
Irwin	1.90%	4
Lee	1.90%	4
Lowndes	27.96%	59
Miller	0.47%	1
Mitchell	1.42%	3
Terrell	0.47%	1
Thomas	10.43%	22
Tift	5.69%	12
Turner	0.47%	1
Worth	2.37%	5
	100.00%	211





Crack

Overview

Data collected during the July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005 reporting period yielded the following results for Crack related inquiries:

- 22.51% of calls logged at the Georgia Helpline were inquiries concerning Crack. This is an increase of nearly 3.5% over last year's reporting period.
- Region 2 yielded the highest overall percentage of calls regarding Crack again this year at 37.42%. The number of calls from Region 2; 1,294 is nearly triple the amount of the second highest regional call volume from Region 1; 460 calls.
- Fulton County, Region 2, reported the highest percentage of calls regarding crack-based inquiries at 22.64%.
- Dekalb County, Region 2, and Chatham County, Region 7, completed the top three volumes of crack-based inquiries at 5.38% and 5.23% respectively.
- 31% more males (65.50%) than females (34.50%) called regarding crack related issues.
- African Americans called in most frequently at 52.17% for Crack related issues as compared to other ethnicities.
- 77.70% of all Crack related callers were Unemployed, representing a 2.2% increase over last year's callers, while the next frequently occurring Employment Status was Full time Employed at 15.79%.





Demographics Breakdown – Crack Related Calls Region 6

Ethnicity	Percentage	# of Calls
African American	44.13%	109
American Indian	0.40%	1
Asian/Pac.Island	1.21%	3
Caucasian	54.25%	134
Hispanic	0.00%	0
Multi-Ethnic	0.00%	0
		247

Gender	Percentage	# of Calls
Male	66.40%	164
Female	33.60%	83
		247

Employment	Percentage	# of Calls
Disabled	0.81%	2
Employed full-time	10.53%	26
Employed part-time	1.21%	3
Homemaker	0.00%	0
Illness	0.00%	0
Maternity	0.00%	0
Retired	0.00%	0
Student (not		
employed)	2.02%	5
Temporary work	0.00%	0
Unemployed	85.43%	211
Veteran	0.00%	0
		247

Age Range	Percentage	# of Calls
14	0.40%	1
16	0.40%	1
17	1.62%	4
18	0.81%	2
19	1.62%	4
20	2.83%	7
21	0.81%	2
22	2.02%	5
23	2.83%	7
24	2.43%	6
25	3.64%	9
26	2.02%	5



27	4.86%	12
28	0.81%	2
29	2.83%	7
30	4.45%	11
31	2.83%	7
32	4.45%	11
33	4.05%	10
34	3.24%	8
35	2.02%	5
36	3.24%	8
37	1.62%	4
38	4.45%	11
39	3.64%	9
40	10.12%	25
41	2.83%	7
42	2.83%	7
43	0.81%	2
44	2.43%	6
45	4.86%	12
46	0.81%	2
47	1.21%	3
48	2.02%	5
49	2.02%	5
50	3.24%	8
51	0.40%	1
52	0.40%	1
53	0.40%	1
54	0.40%	1
55	0.40%	1
57	0.40%	1
 60	0.40%	1
		247

ANOVA Business Analysts

Crack-Related Service Utilization – County Breakdown Region 6

		# of
Counties	Percentage	Calls
Baker	0.40%	1
Ben Hill	2.02%	5
Berrien	2.02%	5
Brooks	1.21%	3
Calhoun	0.81%	2
Colquitt	6.48%	16
Columbia	0.00%	0
Cook	2.02%	5
Decatur	3.24%	8
Dougherty	30.77%	76
Early	2.02%	5
Grady	3.64%	9
Irwin	0.81%	2
Lanier	2.43%	6
Lee	0.81%	2
Lowndes	18.62%	46
Miller	0.40%	1
Mitchell	2.83%	7
Seminole	0.81%	2
Terrell	0.40%	1
Thomas	7.29%	18
Tift	7.29%	18
Turner	0.81%	2
Worth	2.83%	7
	100.00%	247





Methamphetamines

Overview

Data collected during July 1, 2004-June 30, 2005 reporting period, yielded the following results for Methamphetamines inquiries:

- 12.17% of all calls logged were inquiries concerning Methamphetamines (1,650 Methamphetamines inquiries out of a total 13,555 calls logged at Helpline.) This represents a 2.5% (9.64%) increase in calls concerning Methamphetamines over last year's calling habits.
- Region 1 yielded the highest overall percentage of calls concerning Methamphetamines at 36.30%.
- Fulton County surpassed Cobb County's first place position this year with 9.70% of all Methamphetamines calls. Cobb County, fell to second place with 7.88% of the calls.
- Houston County edged out Gwinnett County this year to round out the top three counties at 5.52%.
- 58.61% of calls inquiring about Methamphetamines were from Males, while 41.39% were from Female callers.
- An overwhelming 90.97% of all Methamphetamines-related inquiries were reported from Caucasians, although this represents a 3% decrease from last year's reporting period. This could signal that Methamphetamines usage are spreading amongst ethnicities. This trend will be monitored for identification over several reporting periods.
- 77.03% of callers were Unemployed, representing a 3.5% increase in Unemployed individuals calling in, while 14.42% were Employed on a fulltime basis, also representing a 3% change over last year's reporting period, although this figure declined over FY 2004.
- The preponderance of calls for Methamphetamines come from a younger subset of the population when compared with Alcohol and Crack related inquiries.



Demographic Breakdown – Methamphetamines-Related Calls Region 6

Gender	Percentage	# of Calls
Male	27	67.50%
Female	13	32.50%
	40	

Ethnicity	Percentage	# of Calls
African		
American	3	7.50%
American Indian	0	0.00%
Asian/Pac.Island	2	5.00%
Caucasian	35	87.50%
Hispanic	0	0.00%
Multi-Ethnic	0	0.00%
	40	

Employment	Percentage	# of Calls
Disabled	1	2.50%
Employed full-time	3	7.50%
Employed part-time	1	2.50%
Homemaker	0	0.00%
Illness	0	0.00%
Maternity	0	0.00%
Retired	0	0.00%
Student (not employed)	2	5.00%
Temporary work	0	0.00%
Unemployed	33	82.50%
Veteran	0	0.00%
	40	

Age Range	Percentage	# of Calls
14	1	2.50%
15	1	2.50%
18	1	2.50%
19	1	2.50%
20	2	5.00%
21	1	2.50%
22	3	7.50%
24	2	5.00%
25	5	12.50%
26	1	2.50%
27	2	5.00%
28	1	2.50%
29	1	2.50%
30	2	5.00%





HODAC Helpline Report 2005 – Region 6: SOUTHWEST

31	1	2.50%
32	4	10.00%
33	2	5.00%
37	1	2.50%
38	2	5.00%
46	2	5.00%
47	2	5.00%
50	1	2.50%
54	1	2.50%
	40	





Methamphetamines Service Utilization - County Breakdown Region 6

Counties	Percentage	# of Calls
Ben Hill	5.00%	2
Berrien	2.50%	1
Colquitt	2.50%	1
Decatur	7.50%	3
Dougherty	17.50%	7
Early	2.50%	1
Grady	2.50%	1
Lowndes	32.50%	13
Miller	2.50%	1
Seminole	2.50%	1
Thomas	2.50%	1
Tift	20.00%	8
	40	



Categorical Supposition

Regional Gender Need Breakdown

Region 6

Region 6 Needs Breakdown								
Abuse/Neglect	3.42%	13	Abuse/Neglect	1.11%	6			
Criminal/Legal Reporting	8.95%	34	Criminal/Legal Reporting	4.07%	22			
General Information/Inquiries	18.95%	72	General Information/Inquiries	6.30%	34			
Medical/Health	1.32%	5	Medical/Health	0.74%	4			
Mental	5.79%	22	Mental	2.22%	12			
Substance Abuse	55.79%	212	Substance Abuse	82.04%	443			
Multiple Need Calls	5.79%	22	Multiple Need Calls	3.52%	19			
10	100.00%	380		100.00%	540			







ANOVA Business Analysts, LLC.

Summary

ANOVA Business Analysts, LLC. received Helpline Georgia data collected by HODAC, Inc. Data was received in good faith and assumed to be correct. No attempt was made by principals at ANOVA Business Analysts, LLC. to alter data. Missing, incomplete, or incorrect data was deleted from the final complete database to adhere to statistical analytical principles and avoid Type I and Type II errors at all possible costs. A Master Database Document was maintained and can be referenced.

Please contact ANOVA Business Analysts at <u>www.anovabusiness.com</u> for any questions.







HODAC FY05 Helpline Statistical Analysis For REGION 6: SOUTHWEST



September 21, 2005

by



ANOVA Business Analysts

